**REVISION QUESTIONS**

1.What is Pistil and Stamen ?

2. . Give some examples of magnetic and non-magnetic materials.

3.Pines grow in mountains .What features make their survival at such heights possible.

4. Mention the adaptive features of the desert jackrabbit.

5.Why do birds and fish have streamlined bodies?

6. How will you magnetise an iron piece and test it is magnetized .

7. Differentiate between herb and shrub .

8. Differentiate between taproots and fibrous roots.

9 Give some examples of plants and animals in grasslands.

10. How are magnets stored ? Explain

11. List the adaptation of a camel that help it survive in a desert.

12 What will happen if a bar magnet is cut into half ?

13. Write the different functions of stem.

14.Magnets are used in Maglev Trains .Explain.

15 .What is a magnetic compass ?

16. Differentiate between parallel and reticulate venation .Explain with the help of suitable examples.

17 Write two uses of magnets.

18. Draw a neat labeled diagram showing different parts of a leaf.

19.Draw a neat labeled diagram of fish.

**FILL IN THE BLANKS**

1.The natural environment in which an organism lives is called its habitat.

2.Magnetism is on its back concentrated in the poles of a magnet

3.water lily is an example for partially submerged plants.

4.Fish moves with the help of fins

5.The first magnetic material to be discovered was named Lodestone.

6.A snail moves with the help of muscular foot

7. Octopus and squid are examples of bottom dwellers.

8. The animals that eat dead animals are called scanvengers

9.The arrangement of veins in a leaf is called venation.

10. Conifers are usually found in

11.Tall plants with single firm stems are called trees

12. Mushrooms are edible fungi

13.A camel stores fat in the hump.