**SAFETY FIRST**

**I. Difficult words:**

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| 1. safety | 6. wound |
| 2. accident | 7. gause pad |
| 3. Incident | 8. switches |
| 4. emergency | 9. appliances |
| 5. antiseptic | 10. electrical |

**5. Answer in brief:**

**Q1. What is an accident?**

Ans) An accident is an unexpected and unpleasant incident that leads to an injury or a damage.

**Q2. What does ‘first aid’ mean?**

Ans) First aid is an emergency treatment given to injured or sick persons before they get proper medical aid.

**Q3. What first aid would you recommend for a minor cut?**

Ans) We should wash the cut or wound with clean water and apply an antiseptic lotion over it. If needed, we should put over the wound a piece of sticking plaster having a gauze pad.

**Q4. What first aid will you offer in the case of an insect bite?**

Ans) We should wash the affected area with soap and water. We can also rub ice on it and apply an antiseptic lotion. If the insect stinger is visible, we should ask an elder to help get it removed.

**6. Answer in detail:**

**Q1. Why do most accidents happen?**

Ans) Accidents happen when we are careless and do not follow safety rules.

**Q2.Write two safety rules that we should follow at home.**

Ans) i) Mop the water spilled on the floor quickly.

ii) Do not leave things lying on the floor as someone may trip and fall.

**Q3. Discuss some ways to avoid accidents on the road.**

Ans) a) Always cross the road at the zebra crossing. Before crossing, first look to your right, then to left, and then to your right again. If no vehicle is coming from the either side, cross the road.

b) Do not run and play on the road. Always walk on the pavement.

**Q4. What care will you take to avoid getting an electric shock?**

Ans) a) Do not touch electrical switches and appliances with wet hands.

b) Do not insert anything into electric points or sockets.

c) Do not touch a loose wire.

**Q5. How can we provide first aid to a person who has fainted?**

Ans) If someone faints, make him or her lie flat on the back. Loosen the person’s tight clothing and allow fresh air around him or her. Raise the persons’ legs above the head level to allow blood to flow into the brain. If the person does not recover, take him or her to a doctor.