**LS 4 ANIMALS – FOOD AND FEEDING HABITS**

**I. DIFFICULT WORDS:**

1. Herbivore 2. Carnivore 3. Omnivore 4. Incisors

5. Broad 6. Molars 7. Curved 8. Canines

9. Grinding 10. Squirrels 11. Food chain 12. Nectar

13. Swallow 14. Nibble 15. Rumination 16. Chewing the cud

17. Gnawing 18. Giraffes 19. Veterinary doctor

**6. Answer the following:**

**Q1. Animals are divided into three groups. Write the names of these.**

Ans) Animals are divided into three groups they are carnivores, herbivores, and omnivores.

**Q2. What do herbivorous animals eat?**

Ans) Herbivorous animals eat plants and plant products.

**Q3. Which type of teeth do carnivorous animals have?**

Ans) Carnivorous animals have sharp, curved, and pointed teeth.

**Q4. Name two animals that do not have any teeth.**

Ans) Snakes and frogs do not have teeth.

**Q5. What kind of teeth do plant eating animals have to chew their food? What are they** **called?**

Ans)i) All plant-eating animals have sharp front teeth, called incisors, to bite and cut grass and plants.

ii) They also have flat, broad, and strong grinding teeth, called molars, at the back of their mouth to chew food.

**Q6. Write some examples of omnivorous animals.**

Ans) Some examples of omnivorous animals are bears, crows, rats, and squirrels.

**Q7. What do you mean by chewing the cud?**

Ans) In case of some animals, the half-chewed food returns from their stomach to their mouth for chewing it further. This process is called the chewing of the cud.

**Q8. Define ‘food chain’.**

Ans) The food chain shows the order in which living things depend on each other for food.

**III. Answer in detail:**

**Q1. Why do animals need food?**

Ans) Animals need food

a) to grow

b) to get energy

c) to do work

d) to stay healthy and strong.

**Q2. What are herbivorous animals? Name four herbivores.**

Ans) The animals that eat plants are called herbivorous animals. Giraffe, deer, zebra, and cow are some examples of herbivores

**Q3. What do an elephant and a butterfly have in common?**

Ans) Elephants use their trunks to drink water and butterflies have a thin, long tube to suck the nectar of flowers.

**Q4. How does frog catch its food?**

Ans) a) Frogs have sticky tongues. They wait for their prey.

b) When they spot an insect they quickly dart their tongue out.

c) The insect gets stuck to the tongue. Then they roll back the tongue and swallow their prey.

**Q5. How are domestic animals useful to us?**

Ans) Domestic animals are very useful to us; because

a) They provide us with food in various ways and help us in our daily lives.

b) The dog makes a good friend and guards our homes.

c) The hen provides us eggs and meat.

d) Cows give us milk out of which we make curd, ghee, and sweets.

e) The donkey carries loads for us.