

- ⑥ The base of an isosceles triangle is 24 cm and its area is 192 cm^2 then find its semi perimeter

→ Area of triangle = 192 cm^2
 $\frac{1}{2} \times b \times h = 192$

$$\frac{1}{2} \times 24 \times h = 192$$

$$h = \frac{192 \times 2}{24} = 16 \text{ cm}$$

In $\triangle ABD$

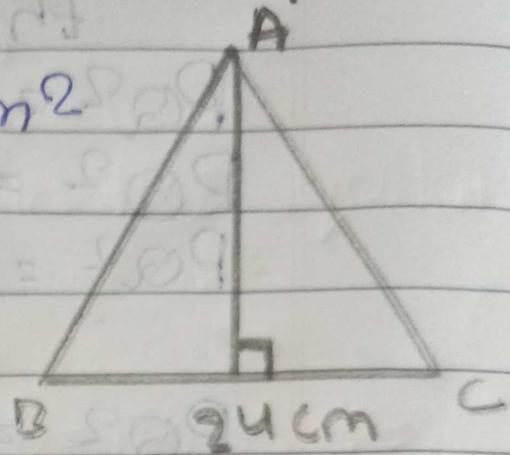
$$AD = 16, BD = 12$$

By Pythagoras = $AB^2 = AD^2 + BD^2$

$$a^2 = 16^2 + 12^2$$

$$a^2 = 400$$

$$a = \sqrt{400} = 20$$





$$\text{Semi perimeter} = \frac{AB + AC + BC}{2}$$

$$= \frac{20 + 20 + 24}{2}$$

$$= \frac{64}{2} = 32 \text{ cm}$$

7) If the area of an equilateral triangle is $36\sqrt{3} \text{ cm}^2$ then find its perimeter.

8) The sides of a triangle are 35, 54 and 61 cm respectively. Find the length of its longest altitude.

9) The sides of a field are 41 m, 40 m, 9 m. Find the number of rose beds that can be prepared in the field if each rose bed on an average needs 900 cm^2 space.

$$\textcircled{7} \text{ Area of triangle} = \frac{\sqrt{3}}{4} (a^2) = 36\sqrt{3}$$

$$\frac{a^2}{4} = \frac{18}{\sqrt{3}}$$

$$\frac{a^2}{4} = 36$$

$$a^2 = 36 \times 4$$

$$a^2 = 144 \text{ cm}^2$$

$$a = \sqrt{144} \text{ cm}^2$$

$$a = 12 \text{ cm}$$

All sides are equal in the equilateral triangle

Therefore $a = 12 \text{ cm}$, $b = 12 \text{ cm}$, $c = 12 \text{ cm}$

$$\text{Perimeter} = a + b + c = 36 \text{ cm}$$

$$\textcircled{8} \quad a = 35 \text{ cm}$$

$$b = 54 \text{ cm}$$

$$c = 61 \text{ cm}$$



$$\text{Area of triangle} = \sqrt{s(s-a)(s-b)(s-c)}$$

$$s = \frac{35 + 54 + 61}{2} = \frac{150}{2}$$

$$s = 75 \text{ cm}$$

$$\text{Area} = \sqrt{75(75-35)(75-54)(75-61)}$$

$$= \sqrt{75 \times 40 \times 21 \times 14}$$

$$= \sqrt{5 \times 14 \times 5 \times 8 \times 3 \times 7 \times 2 \times 7}$$

$$= \sqrt{3 \times 5 \times 5 \times 2 \times 2 \times 5 \times 2 \times 7 \times 3 \times 7 \times 2}$$

$$= 5 \times 2 \times 3 \times 7 \times 2 \sqrt{5}$$

$$= 420 \sqrt{5} \text{ cm}^2$$

$$\text{Area of triangle} = \frac{1}{2} \times b \times h$$

$$420 \sqrt{5} \text{ cm}^2 = \frac{1}{2} \times 35 \times h$$

$$\frac{420 \sqrt{5} \times 2}{35} = h$$

$$= \frac{840\sqrt{5}}{35} = h$$

$$= h = 24\sqrt{5} \text{ cm} = \text{longest altitude.}$$

⑨ Area of triangle =

$$\sqrt{s(s-a)(s-b)(s-c)}$$

$$s = \frac{41 + 40 + 9}{2} = \frac{90}{2} \text{ m}$$

$$\text{Area} = \sqrt{45(45-41)(45-40)(45-9)}$$

$$= \sqrt{45 \times 4 \times 5 \times 36}$$

$$= \sqrt{9 \times 5 \times 4 \times 5 \times 9 \times 4}$$

$$= 9 \times 5 \times 4$$

$$= 180 \text{ m}^2$$

$$= \frac{180}{1000} \text{ m}^2$$

$$= 1800,000 \text{ cm}^2$$



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No. of Rose beds = $\frac{\text{Total area}}{\text{Area occupied by rose bed}}$

$$= \frac{2000}{\frac{1800000}{900}} = 2000$$

No. of Rose beds = 2000