## Exercise 17.1

Q1.

- a) Perimeter of given figure
- = Sum of all sides
- = 4+4+2+2+6+4
- = 22 cm
  - b) Perimeter of given figure
- = Sum of all sides
- = 7+4+2+6+3
- = 22 cm
  - c) Perimeter of given figure
- = Sum of all sides
- = 6+3+2.5+4
- = 15.5 cm
  - d) Perimeter of given figure
- = Sum of all sides
- = 3+4+2.5+1.5+4.5+3
- = 18.5 cm

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Q 2.
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- a) Perimeter of equilateral triangle
- = 3 x side
- $= 3 \times 9$
- = 27 cm
- b)Perimeter of square
- = 4 x side
- $= 4 \times 19$
- = 76 cm
  - b)Length = 11 cm

Breadth = 10 cm

Perimeter of rectangle = 2(length + breadth)

$$= 2(11 + 10)$$

- = 2(21)
- =42 cm
- c) Perimeter of a triangle = sum of all sides

$$= 49 cm$$

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d)Perimeter of a hexagon
          = 6 x side
          = 6 \times 11
          = 66 cm
  e) Perimeter of pentagon = 5 x side
                = 5 \times 9
                = 45 cm
Q3.
Perimeter of equilateral triangle = 150 cm
≥ 3 x side = 150
➤ Side = 150/3
➤ Side = 50 m
Q4.
Length = 95 m
Breadth = 33 m
Perimeter of rectangle = 2(I+b)
                = 2(95 + 33)
                = 2(128)
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 $= 256 \, \text{m}$ 

He completed eight rounds, Therefore, perimeter = 8 x 256 = 2048 m So, he covers 2048 m distance. Q5. Measurement of equal sides = 15 cm each Perimeter of isosceles triangle = 2 x side + other side  $60 = 2 \times 15 + \text{other side}$ 30 = other side Length of third side = 30 cm Q 6. Perimeter of Moksha's garden = 2(L+B) = 2(65+14)= 158 m Perimeter of Sonu's garden = 2(L+B) = 2(58+15) $= 146 \, \mathrm{m}$ 

the total length of cane required to fence both the

gardens

Q7.

Perimeter of a regular pentagon = 955 cm

Q8.

Let the breadth be x

And length be 4x

Perimeter of rectangular ground = 2(L+B)

$$\geq$$
 220 = 2(x + 4x)

$$\geq$$
 220 = 2 x 5x

$$\geq$$
 220/10 = x

$$> x = 22$$

breadth = 22 m

length = 88 m

cost of fencing = 35 x 220

Q9.

Side = 14 cm

Perimeter of an equilateral triangle = 3 x side

$$= 3 \times 14$$

$$= 42 cm$$

Perimeter of a regular heptagon =  $6 \times \text{side}$ 

$$>$$
 42 = 6 x side

Q 10.

Total length of a rope = 80 cm

Perimeter of a square =  $4 \times side = 4 \times 10 = 40 \text{ cm}$ 

Therefore, the other length of rope is (80 - x) cm

$$= 80 - 40$$

$$= 40 cm$$

Perimeter of octagon =  $8 \times \text{side}$ 

$$>$$
 40 = 8 x side

Length of each side of Octagon = 5 cm

## Exercise 17.2

Q 1.

(a) 
$$/= 11$$
 cm and  $b = 8$  cm  
Area of rectangle =  $1 \times b$   
=  $11 \times 8$   
=  $88$  cm<sup>2</sup>

(b) 
$$/ = 35 \text{ m} \text{ and } b = 21 \text{ m}$$
  
Area of rectangle =  $1 \times b$   
=  $35 \times 21$   
=  $735 \text{ m}^2$ 

(c) 
$$l = 14 \text{ m}$$
 and  $l = 6.5 \text{ cm} = 6.5/100 \text{ m} = 0.065 \text{ m}$   
Area of rectangle =  $l \times b$   
=  $14 \times 0.065$   
=  $0.91 \text{ m}^2$ 

(d) 
$$l = 9 \text{ m}$$
 and  $l = 2.7 \text{ cm} = 2.7/100 \text{ m} = 0.027 \text{ m}$   
Area of rectangle =  $l \times b$   
=  $9 \times 0.027$   
=  $0.243\text{m}^2$ 

Q 2.

(a) 19 cm Area of a square = side  $\times$  side = 19  $\times$  19 = 361 cm<sup>2</sup>

(b) 78 cm Area of a square = side × side =  $78 \times 78$ =  $6084 \text{ cm}^2$ 

(c) 3 m 45 cmArea of a square = side × side =  $3.45 \times 3.45$ =  $11.9025 \text{ m}^2$ 

(d) 12.1 m
Area of a square = side × side

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Q 3.
Perimeter of a square field = 240 m
► 4 x side = 240
> Side = 240/4
> Side = 60 m
Area of a square field = side × side
     = 60 \times 60
    = 3600 \text{ m}^2
Q4.
Length = 22 m
Breadth = 14 m
Area of room = length \times breadth
       = 22 \times 14
       = 308 \text{ m}^2
Area of one tile = side × side
          = 40 \times 40
      = 1600 \text{ cm}^2 = 0.16 \text{ m}^2
Number of tiles = 308/0.16
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Q8.
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Length = 240 m

Breadth = 1.5 m

Area of three footpaths = 3 x 240 x 1.5

 $= 1080 \text{ m}^2$ 

Area of concrete slabs = 60 x 60

 $= 3600 \text{ cm}^2$ 

 $= 0.3600 \text{ m}^2$ 

Number of slabs = 1080/0.3600

= 3000

Q9.

Area of rectangular field = length x breadth

= 25 x 12

 $= 300 \text{ m}^2$ 

Area of a house with square base = side x side

 $= 11 \times 11$ 

 $= 121 \text{ m}^2$ 

Area of field which is not covered = 300 - 121

 $= 179 \text{ m}^2$ 

## Q 10.

Perimeter of the floor of the bathroom(square)

= 320 cm

> 4 x side = 320

➤ Side = 320/4

➤ Side = 80 cm

Area of the square floor = 80 x 80

 $= 6400 \text{ cm}^2$ 

Area of one square tile = 8 x 8 = 64 cm<sup>2</sup>

Number of square tiles = 6400/64

= 100

One tile cost = ₹50

Cost of square tiles = ₹50 x 100

=₹5000

Q 11.

Area of outer rectangle = length x breadth

 $= 20.2 \times 12$ 

 $= 242.4 \text{ m}^2$ 

Area of inner rectangle = length x breadth

= 8 x 16.2

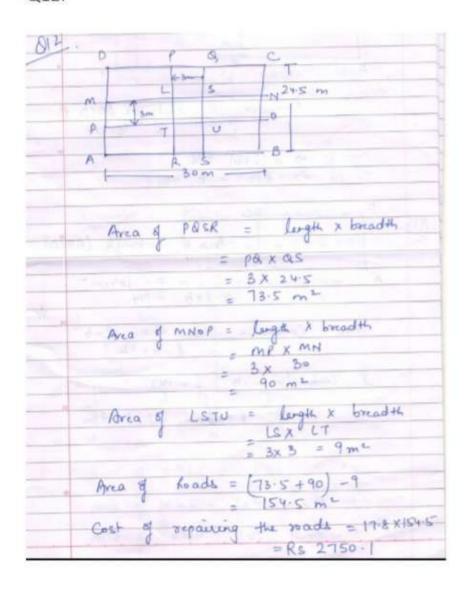
 $= 129.6 \text{ m}^2$ 

Area of shaded region

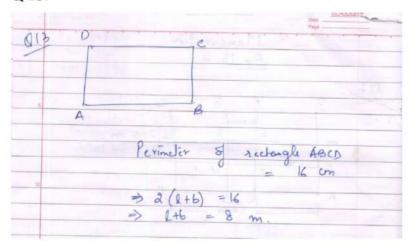
= 242.4 - 129.6

 $= 112.8 \text{ m}^2$ 

Q12.



Q 13.



Q 14.

The length and the breadth of a rectangle are in the ratio of 3:2. If the perimeter of the rectangle is 120 m.

Perimeter = 2(I+b)

$$> 120 = 2(3x + 2x)$$

$$>60 = 5x$$

$$> x = 12$$

length = 
$$3x = 3 \times 12 = 36 \text{ m}$$

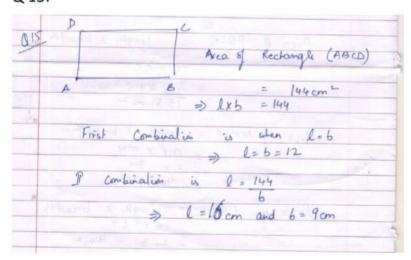
breadth = 
$$2x = 2 \times 12 = 24 \text{ m}$$

Area = length x breadth

$$= 36 \times 24$$

$$= 864 \text{ m}^2$$

Q 15.



Q 16.

Area of rectangular field = length x breadth

= 360 x 250

 $= 90000 \text{ m}^2$ 

10000 m2 = 1 hectare

 $1 \text{ m}^2 = 1/10000 \text{ hectare}$ 

= 9 hectare

1 hectare = 20 quintals

9 hectare = 180 quintals

1 quintal costs =₹1500

180 quintal costs = ₹1500 x 180 = ₹270000

Q17.

Perimeter of a square = 4 x side

$$= 4 \times 50 = 200 \text{ m}$$

Perimeter of a rectangle = 2(L+B)

$$= 2(L+36) m$$

Both the perimeters are equal,

$$200 = 2L + 72$$

$$\triangleright$$
 L = 64 m

Area of square =  $50 \times 50 = 2500 \text{ m}^2$ 

Area of rectangle = 36 x 64

$$= 2304 \text{ m}^2$$

Greater area is of square and by (2500-2304)

$$= 196 \text{ m}^2$$