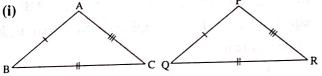
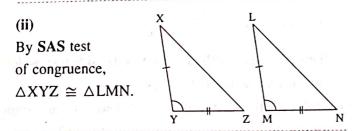
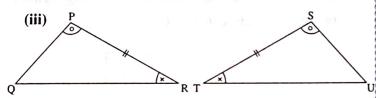
(Textbook pages 31 to 33)

1. In each of the examples given below, a pair of triangles is shown. Equal parts of triangles in each pair are marked with the same signs. Observe the figures and state the test by which the triangles in each pair are congruent.

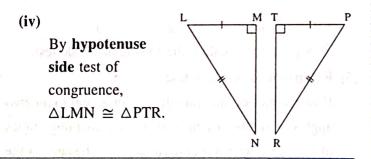


By SSS test of congruence,  $\triangle ABC \cong \triangle PQR$ .

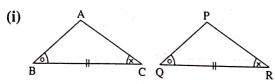




By ASA test of congruence,  $\triangle PRQ \cong \triangle STU$ .



2. Observe the information shown in pairs of triangles given below. State the test by which the two triangles are congruent. Write the remaining congruent parts of the triangles.

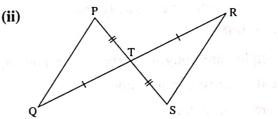


From the information shown in the figure, in  $\triangle ABC$  and  $\triangle PQR$ 

$$\angle ABC \cong \angle PQR$$
  
 $\sec BC \cong \sec QR$   
 $\angle ACB \cong \angle PRQ$ 

$$\therefore \triangle ABC \cong \triangle PRQ \dots$$
 test

| ∴ ∠BAC ≅  |                                    |
|---|------------------------------------|
| (Corresponding angles of congruent triangles)   |                                    |
| ∴ seg AB ≅  | (Corresponding                     |
| and $\cong$ seg PR $\int$ side  | es of congruent                    |
|   | triangles)                         |
| Solution: From the informatio   | n shown in the                     |
| figure, in $\triangle$ ABC and $\triangle$ PQR,                                       |                                    |
| $\angle ABC \cong \angle PQR$   | OHA will)                          |
| $seg BC \cong seg QR$   |                                    |
| $\angle ACB \cong \angle PRQ$   | to be the wife.                    |
| $\therefore \triangle ABC \cong \triangle PRQ \dots (ASA \text{ test of congruence})$ |                                    |
| $\therefore \angle BAC \cong \boxed{\angle QPR}$                                      | (c.a.c.t)                          |
| $\therefore \operatorname{seg} AB \cong \boxed{\operatorname{seg} PQ}$                | to putter with                     |
| and $  seg AC   \cong seg PR $  | (c.s.c.t.)                         |
| and the same of the ar-   | <ul> <li>विश्ववृद्धिः ।</li> </ul> |
| P   | ० %। <b>विश्वास</b> ्त्रः          |
| *   |                                    |
| To water  | नीं द्वार - २०० में १              |
| / / /   |                                    |



in  $\triangle PTQ$  and  $\triangle STR$ ,  $seg PT \cong seg ST$  $\angle PTQ \cong \angle STR \dots (Vertically opposite angles)$  $seg TQ \cong seg TR$ 

From the information shown in the figure

seg PQ ≅ ... (Corresponding sides of congruent triangles)

Solution: From the information shown in the figure, in  $\triangle PTQ$  and  $\triangle STR$ ,

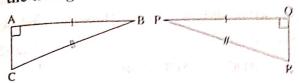
 $seg PT \cong seg ST$  $\angle PTQ \cong \angle STR \dots (Vertically opposite angles)$  $seg TQ \cong seg TR$ 

∴ 
$$\triangle PTQ \cong \triangle STR$$
 ... (SAS) test of congruence)  
∴  $\triangle TPQ \cong \triangle TSR$  and  $\triangle TQP \cong \triangle TRS$  ... (c.a.c.t.)

and 
$$\angle TQP \cong \angle TRS$$
 )

seg PQ  $\cong \boxed{seg SR}$  ... (c.s.c.t.)

3. From the information shown in the figure, state the test assuring the congruence of AABC and △PQR. Write the remaining congruent parts of the triangles.



Solution :  $\triangle BAC \cong \triangle PQR$ 

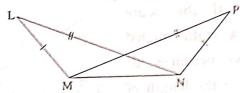
... (Hypotenuse side test of congruence)

... (c.s.c.t.) side  $AC \cong side QR$ 

... (c.a.c.t.)  $\angle ABC \cong \angle QPR$ 

... (c.a.c.t.) ∠ACB ≅ ∠QRP

4. As shown in the following figure, in ALMN and  $\triangle PNM$ , LM = PN, LN = PM. Write the test which assures the congruence of the two triangles. Write their remaining congruent parts.



Solution :  $\triangle LMN \cong \triangle PNM$ 

... (SSS test of congruence)

... (c.a.c.t.) ∠MLN ≅ ∠NPM

... (c.a.c.t.)  $\angle LMN \cong \angle PNM$ 

... (c.a.c.t.) ∠LNM ≅ ∠PMN

5. In the figure, seg AB  $\cong$  seg CB and seg AD  $\cong$  seg CD.

Prove that

 $\triangle ABD \cong \triangle CBD$ 

Proof:

In △ABD and △CBD

 $seg BA \cong seg BC$ 

seg AD ≅ seg CD ∫

seg BD ≅ seg BD

D ... (Given)

... (Common side)

... ΔABD ≅ ΔCBD ... (SSS test of congruence)

6. In the figure,  $\angle P \cong \angle R$ ,

seg PQ ≅ seg RQ

Prove that,

 $\triangle PQT \cong \triangle RQS$ 

Proof: In △PQT and △RQS,

LPQT ≅ ∠RQS

... (Common angle)