**STD X HISTORY**

**CHAPTER 8**

**TOURISM AND HISTORY**

**(A) Complete the sentences by choosing the correct option.**

(1) Thomas Cook established a travel agency selling …… .

(a) handicrafts (b) toys

(c) food items (d) tourist tickets

**Ans. Tourist tickets**

(2) Bhilar is known as the ‘Village of …….’ .

(a) books (b) plants

(c) mangoes (d) forts

**Ans. Books**

**(B) Identify the wrong pair in the following, correct it and rewrite.**

(1) Matheran – Hill Station

(2) Tadoba – Rock-cut Caves

(3) Kolhapur – Pilgrim Centre

(4) Ajanta – World Heritage

**Ans. Wrong pair. Tadoba – rock-cut caves.**

**2. Explain the following statements with reasons.**

(**1) The number of people travelling back and forth from India has increased considerably.**

Ans. a) There has been considerable increase in cruise, railway, and air services.

b)because of technological advancement international tourism has become easy.

c) Aviation has brought the entire world closer.

d)Because of the economic liberalisation policy of the Indian government the number of people travelling back and forth from India has increased considerably

(**2) It is important to take a few primary precautions in order to preserve the historical heritage sites.**

Ans. a)It is important to take a few primary precautions in order to preserve the historical heritage sites.

b) It is essential that few things should be avoided at any instance, for example: vandalising or defacing the heritage monuments and sites.

c) In order to avoid it everybody should refrain from activities like writing on walls or carving on trees, paint ancient monuments in garish colours, etc.

d) Lack of good amenities in the precincts of the heritage sites causes filthiness.

**3. Write notes :**

**(1) Tradition of Travelling**

a) The tradition of travelling is quite old in India.

b) People used to travel for various reasons like pilgrimage, going to local fairs and festivals, in search of a renowned teacher and good education, for trade, etc.

c) As travelling is a natural instinct in man, the tradition of ravelling for various reasons is prevalent since ancient times.

**(2) Marco Polo**

Ans. A) Marco Polo was an Italian traveller of the 13th century.

b) He was introduced Asia, especially China to Europe.

c) He stayed in China for 17 years.

d) He wrote about the flora and fauna, social life, culture and trade systems of Asia.

**(3) Agro – tourism**

Ans.(a) Visit to agricultural centers and agricultural universities comes under agro – tourism.

(b) In recent times lot of research is conducted in agriculture field.

(c) Agro-tourism, which is also known as agri-tourism, is rapidly developing, especially meant for the urban population, which has very little exposure to rural life and agriculture.

(d) Indian farmers are also visiting faraway places like agricultural research centres, agricultural universities, and countries like Israel where experimentation in advanced technology of agriculture is carried out.

**4. Answer the following questions in 25-30words.**

**(1) What are the crucial issues in the development of tourism?**

Ans. (a) The crucial issue in the development of tourism is providing proper guidance to national and international tourists.

(b) Guidance about various aspects of the actual travel, proper social conduct during the tour and during their stay at the destination places.

( c) Giving priority to ensure safe transport and security facilities for the tourists.

(d) Amenities of reasonably good standard, availability of good accommodation, good washroom facilities on the travel routes is of great significance in promoting tourism.

(e) It is also very important to pay special attention to the special needs of handicapped tourists.

(f) Pamphlets , guides, maps, and history books should be made available to the tourists.

(g) Guides and translators should be made available.

(**2) In what way tourism becomes a major source of their livelihood?**

Ans. In the following ways development takes place at local level because of tourism.

1. Local markets are developed in the vicinity of a tourist site.
2. There is considerable increase in purchase and sales of goods like by tourists.
3. Production and sales of ethnic handicraft goods increase eventually leading to the development of these industries and economic progress.
4. Increase in demand of locally processed food, hotel services, accommodation, and in shops leads to development of these services.
5. Local transport, travel agents, guides are in demand.
6. Hence more and more employment opportunities are generated.

(3) What would you do to develop the surroundings of your village / town to help the growth of tourism?

Ans. Own answers.

**5. Complete the following Concept chart :**

**Ajantha, Ellora**

**Rock-cut Caves**

**Kas Plateau**

**Chhatrapati Shivaji Maharaja Railway Terminus**

**Natural Heritage**

**Railway Station**

**Sanctuary**

**Tadoba, Dajipur**

**6. Give elaborate answers to the following.**

**(1) What are the professional fields associated with tourism ?**

Ans. The following fields are related to tourism.

1. Hotels, lodging and boarding services.
2. Shops selling food items and catering services etc.
3. Handicraft and cottage industry and shops selling manufactured products.
4. Demand of affiliated industries with hotel industry like diary industry, Agro industry which supplies vegetables, fruits, fish and meat increases.
5. Transport services are required by tourists.
6. Travel agents, photographs, guides etc. and other such professions are related to tourism get a boost.

**(2) Describe any three types of tourism.**

Ans. Page No. 53, 54 write any three types of tourism.

**Extra Questions.**

1. Write about Benjamin of Tudela
2. Explain the purpose of tourism.
3. What measures should be taken to conserve historical monuments.
4. Difference between Local tourism and International tourism.

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