### DEGREES OF COMPARISON

## **Formation of Degrees of Comparison**

Comparative and Superlative degrees are formed:

# (i) by adding '-er' and '-est' to the positive degree; as

Positive	Comparative	Superlative
bold	bolder	boldest
short	shorter	shortest
deep	deeper	deepest
cold	colder	coldest
warm	warmer	warmest
strong	stronger	strongest
poor	poorer	poorest
rich	richer	richest

# (ii) by adding only 'r' and 'st' when the positive ends in 'e'; as

Positive	Comparative	Superlative
large	larger	largest
wise	wiser	wisest
brave	braver	bravest
fine	finer	finest
noble	nobler	noblest
simple	simpler	simplest

# (iii) by changing 'y' into 'i' and adding 'er' and 'est' if positive ends in 'y' preceded by a consonant; as

Positive	Comparative	Superlative
noisy	noisier	noisiest

ugly	uglier	ugliest
holy	holier	holiest
happy	happier	happiest
pretty	prettier	prettiest
easy	easier	easiest

**Note:** If 'y' of a positive degree is preceded by a vowel than 'y' remains intact and 'er' and 'est' are added to make them Comparative and Superlative; as

Positive	Comparative	Superlative
grey	grayer	grayest
gay	gayer	gayest

(iv) by doubling the final consonant before adding '-er' and 'est' if the positive ends in one consonant preceded by a vowel; as

Positive	Comparative	Superlative
fat	fatter	fattest
big	bigger	biggest
hot	hotter	hottest
thin	thinner	thinnest
sad	sadder	saddest
red	redder	reddest
wet	wetter	wettest

# (v) by placing 'more' and 'most' before all adjectives of more than two syllables and many adjectives of two syllables; as

Positive	Comparative	Superlative
intelligent	more intelligent	most intelligent

beautiful	more beautiful	most beautiful
dangerous	more dangerous	most dangerous
famous	more famous	most famous
popular	more popular	most popular
handsome	more handsome	most handsome
pleasant	more pleasant	most pleasant
expensive	more expensive	most expensive

# (vi) Some adjectives form their Comparative and Superlative in an irregular way; as

Positive	Comparative	Superlative
good	better	best
bad	worse	worst

little	less	least
far	farther	farthest
much	more	most
many	more	most
late	later, latter	latest, last

## (vii) Double Comparative and double Superlative should be avoided; as

*Incorrect :* This is more safer place.

Correct: This is a safer place.

**Incorrect**: He is the most busiest man in the office.

Correct: He is the busiest man in the office.

(viii) The words like senior, junior, superior, inferior are always followed by to instead of than; as

Incorrect: Mr. Sharma is more inferior than me.

Correct: Mr. Sharma is inferior to me.

**Incorrect:** I am junior than you. **Correct:** I am junior to you.

Incorrect: Mr. Sinha is the most superior of all.

Correct: Mr. Sinha is superior to all.

**Exercise 1** 

#### Fill in the blanks:

Positive	Comparative	Superlative
Many		most

Нарру	more famous	happiest most famous
bad	worse	
fat	fatter	
	gayer	gayest
wise		wisest
	thinner	thinnest
good		best
far	farther	
ugly	uglier	
	more pleasant	most pleasant
little		least
much	more	

### **Exercise 2**

# Choose the right word from within the brackets:

<ol> <li>He is cleverer</li></ol>	
Exercise 3	
Fill in the blanks with proper form (Comparative or Superlative) of adjectives.	
<ol> <li>Kavita is the girl in the class. (good)</li> <li>Mt. Everest is the mountain peak in the world. (high)</li> <li>Delhi is than Chennai. (hot)</li> <li>Diamond is the of all gems. (costly)</li> <li>Iron is the of all metals. (heavy)</li> <li>My doll is than yours. (pretty)</li> <li>Sarita is the girl in the class. (popular)</li> <li>Africa is the of all the five continents. (hot)</li> <li>My car is than yours. (expensive)</li> <li>Rachna is than her sister. (tall)</li> <li>This photograph is the of the two. (good)</li> <li>The streets of Karachi are than Mumbai (wide)</li> <li>He is the runner here. (fast)</li> <li>Your accent is than mine. (bad)</li> <li>Lead is than any other metal. (heavy)</li> </ol>	****