

SOCIAL SCIENCE

GRADE –VII

GEOGRAPHY CHAPTER 1 AND 2 - MCQ FOR REVISION

1. What is the natural environment?

- A. Environment created by humans
- B. Places where people live
- C. The part of environment made by nature
- D. Environment seen in cities

2.What is the solid crust, or the hard top layer of the Earth called?

- A. Atmosphere
- B. Hydrosphere
- C. Lithosphere
- D. Biosphere

3.Which of this best describes the biosphere?

- A. A zone where only humans live
- B. A narrow zone where land, water, and air interact to support life
- C. A layer of soil only
- D. The icy regions of Earth

4.Which sphere provides air for breathing and protection from harmful rays?

- A. Lithosphere
- B. Hydrosphere
- C. Atmosphere
- D. Biosphere

5.What is the solid crust, or the hard top layer of the Earth called?

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- B. Hydrosphere
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6.Which of the following is an example of an extrusive igneous rock?

- A. Granite
- B. Basalt
- C. Marble
- D. Sandstone

7. Which layer of the Earth is made up of molten magma?

- A. Crust
- B. Mantle
- C. Core
- D. Lithosphere

8. The thinnest layer of the Earth is:

- A. Mantle
- B. Core
- C. Crust
- D. Inner Core

9. Fossils are usually found in which type of rock?

- A. Igneous rocks
- B. Metamorphic rocks
- C. Sedimentary rocks
- D. Core rocks

10. Which of these rocks is a metamorphic rock?

- A. Basalt
- B. Granite
- C. Marble
- D. Sandstone

11. Which one of the following is not a biotic component?

- A. Plants
- B. Animals
- C. Soil
- D. Bacteria

12. The domain of water on Earth is called:

- A. Atmosphere
- B. Lithosphere
- C. Biosphere
- D. Hydrosphere

13. The word “environment” has been derived from:

- A. Greek
- B. Sanskrit
- C. French
- D. Latin

14.The narrow zone where all life forms exist is called:

- A. Atmosphere
- B. Lithosphere
- C. Hydrosphere
- D. Biosphere

15.The Earth's crust is made up of:

- A. Iron and nickel
- B. Sand and clay
- C. Rocks and minerals
- D. Lava

16.What is the radius of the Earth?

- A. 6000 km
- B. 6400 km
- C. 3500 km
- D. 8000 km

17.The central part of the Earth is mostly made of:

- A. Iron and nickel
- B. Lava and gas
- C. Soil and sand
- D. Minerals and water

18.Which process breaks down rocks into smaller pieces?

- A. Rock cycle
- B. Weathering
- C. Cooling
- D. Cementation