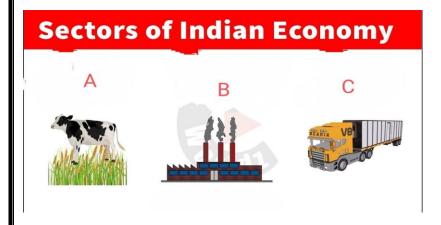
## CHAPTER 1- THE STORY OF VILLAGE PALAMPUR WORKSHEET

**CLASS-IX SUB - ECONOMICS** Name of the student ..... MULTIPLE CHOICE QUESTIONS (MCQ) 1. What is the main economic activity in Palampur? 1m (a) Agriculture (b) Manufacturing (c) Mining (d) Services 2. Which of the following is a Rabi crop? 1m (a) Wheat (b) Rice (c) Cotton (d) Jowar and bajra 3. HYV seeds stands for 1m (a) Heavy yielding variety seeds (b) High yielding variety seeds (c) Half yielding variety seeds (d) None 4. Mohan a person lives in Rampur a small village in the state of Jharkhand. He own's 20 buffalos, 20 Cows, and 30 Goats. He feeds the animals on various kinds of grasses and sales the milk in the market, which is the only source of income of Mohan. 1m Which type of activity does Mohan involved? B) Non-farming activity C) Secondary activity D) Teritiary activity A) Farming activity 5. Match the following: 1m 1-Nonfarming activities A- Sale of surplus crops B-Dairy, rice mill, shops 2-Big farmers C-Land 3-Assets **D-Tractor**. Machines 4-Natural resources 6. Identify the image as sectors of Indian economy. 3m



A		
В		
C		
SHORT A	ANSWER TYPE QUESTION	
7. What is	multiple cropping?	2m
8. Explain	how traditional farming is different from modern farming.	3m
9. " Green	revolution became a boon as well as ban to the country" Justify the statement by giving examp	les.4m
Case base	ed questions	
6. Read the	e given extract and Answer the questions that follow:	
wages that programm He now se	armer labourer .Like other such labourers, Ramu found it difficult to meet his family's needs from the received. A few 4 years back Ramu took a loan from the bank. This was under a government which was giving cheap loans to poor landless household. Ramu bought a buffalo with this meells the buffalo's milk. Further, he has attached a wooden cart to his buffalo and uses it to transpers, once a week, he goes to the river Ganga to bring back clay for the Potter.	nt noney.
(i)	What is Ramu's fixed capital?	1m
(ii)	What do you think would be his working capital?	1m
(iii)	In how many Production activities is Ramu Involved?	1m

## **CHAPTER 2 : PEOPLE AS RESOURCE**

## WORKSHEET

CLASS –IX			SUB – ECONOMICS			
Name of the stude	nt	•••••	Time: 25 min	<b>M.M. 20</b>		
MULTIPLE CHOICE	QUESTIONS (MCQ)					
1. Two statements are gi	ven in the question below	w as		1m		
Assertion (A) and Reason	oning (R). Read the state	ments and choose the ap	propriate option.			
Assertion (A): Educated	parents are found to inv	est more on the education	n of the children.			
Reason (R): They have	realised the importance of	of education for themselv	res.			
Options: a) Both A and I	R are true, and R is the co	orrect explanation of A.				
<ul><li>a) Both A and R</li><li>b) A is true but R</li><li>c) A is false but ?</li></ul>		correct explanation of A				
2. Two students were di	iscussing the story of Sal	cal & Bilas.		1m		
On the basis of story of an individual in the mar	Sakal & Bilas which of the ket can be grant?	he following conclusion	regarding determinan	ts of earning by		
(a) Health & education	(b) Education & skill	(c) Age & Education	(d) Skill & Age			
Help them to find the co	errect answer.					
<b>3.</b> Increase in longevity	of life is an indicator of			1m		
(a) Good quality of life		(b) improvement in h	ealth sector			
(c) Better HDI (Human	Development Index)	(d) all the above				
<b>4</b> . Investment in human	capital is expenditure on			1m		
(a) Education	(b) training	(c) medical care	(d) all the above			
<b>5.</b> The scheme for the esareas is	stablishment of residentia	al schools to impart educ	ation to talented child	ren from rural <b>1m</b>		
(a) Kendriya Vidyalayas		(b) Navodaya Vidyalay	ras			
c) Sarvodaya Vidyalaya	S	(d) none of the above				
SHORT ANSWER TY	PE QUESTION					
<b>6.</b> What is human capita	1?			2m		
7. What are non-market	activities? Give two examples activities?	mples.		2m		

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## **CASE BASED QESTION**

**8.** Read the given passage and answer the questions that follow.

Countries, like Japan, have invested in human resource. They did not have any natural resource. These countries are developed/rich. They import the natural resource needed in their country. How did they become rich/developed? They have invested on people, especially in the field of education and health. These people have made efficient use of other resources, like land and capital. Efficiency and the technology evolved by people have made these countries rich/developed.

- (I) What is the importance of education? (1)
- (II) Why is literacy rate high among men and less among women of India? (1) (III) Why is there a division of labour between men and women in the family? (2)
- 9. Looking at the photograph given below can you explain how a doctor, teacher, engineer and a tailor are an asset to the economy?
  4m



1.Doctor	
2.Teacher	
3. Engineer	

4. Tailor			

In what way is human capital superior to other resources? How a large population is turned into a productive asset? Explain.